

The Best of Brazil's Atlantic Rainforest

Naturetrek Tour Report

20 – 29 November 2015



Dusky-tailed Antbird by Andy Foster



Black-banded Owl by Andy Foster



Female Giant Antshrike by Andy Foster



Long-trained Nightjar by Andy Foster

Report & images compiled by Andy Foster



Naturetrek Mingledown Barn Wolf's Lane Chawton Alton Hampshire GU34 3HJ UK

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour Participants: Andy Foster (Leader) with ten Naturetrek clients

Day 1

Friday 20th November

In flight to Rio de Janeiro.

Day 2

Saturday 21st November

The Air France flight arrived early into Rio at 7.25am; Denise and Ian also arrived at 8am as they had previously been staying in Rio. All were assembled in the arrivals hall by 8.45 and by 9am, having loaded all of the luggage into the minibus, we were on our way towards Nova Friburgo and Itororo Lodge, leaving a very cloudy Rio behind! On the journey we picked up the usual species, including Magnificent Frigatebird, Snowy Egret, Great Egret, Guira Cuckoo and a Savanna Hawk.

We passed through several heavy showers on the way to the lodge but by 11.30 we arrived at Itororo Lodge, albeit in the rain!

Upon arrival we were greeted by the owner Rainer, his sister Bettina and Rafael, had tea and cake, and started to watch the feeders and familiarise ourselves with the more common species that visit the feeders on a daily basis. Among these species were Burnished-buff Tanager, Azure-shouldered Tanager, Magpie Tanager, Sayaca Tanager, Bananaquit, Blue Dacnis, Ruby-crowned Tanager, Maroon-bellied Parakeet, Great Kiskadee and Rufous-bellied Thrush.

The rain soon abated which allowed us enough time to unload the minibus and allocate rooms for everyone by midday. We then met up for a welcome lunch of fejoada, a curious mix of rice, beans and sausage served with kale.

Itororo Lodge is located at an altitude of 1200m and provides excellent on-site birding with primary forest, secondary forest and some open areas. To date we have now recorded just under 180 species within the 50-acre lodge grounds, many of which are Atlantic forest endemics!

After lunch we birded in close proximity to the lodge until 3pm, when we went for our first walk into the forest. We only walked a short way and into the orchid garden, but picked up several good species along the way including Dusky-tailed Antbird, Blue Manakin, Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher and Surucua Trogon, but it was unseasonably cold and there were not many birds feeding or moving around. We walked slowly back to the Lodge and met up at 6.30 again for the evening's checklist.

Dinner was a delicious Brazilian version of cottage pie! Afterwards, we went out for a short night walk; we heard Rusty-barred Owl distantly and also Long-trained Nightjar, but the weather was damp and cold and nothing responded, so the Nightjars and Owls would have to wait for another day!

After a very long day, everyone retired early to bed!

Day 3

Sunday 22nd November

After a good night's rest, we all met up for breakfast at 6am. Our trusty driver, Ivan, arrived at 6.15 and, by 6.30, we were on our way for a full day's open-country birding to Duas Barras and Sumidouro, with one of our main targets being the endemic Three-toed Jacamar. We were lucky as today was still overcast, which is great weather for this day's birding, as if there is no cloud cover, temperatures can reach up to 38°C!

Being a Sunday, we drove quickly through the town of Nova Friburgo and, by 7.30, we were at our first of many stops for the day. We had many highlights today and thankfully hit all of our main target species. These included: Three-toed Jacamar, Streamer-tailed Tyrant, White-eared Puffbird, Black-necked Aracari, Gilt-egged Tanager, Firewood-gatherer, Red-legged Seriema, Ash-throated Crake, Blue-winged Macaw, White-eyed Parakeet, Green-barred Woodpecker, Band-tailed Hornero, White-collared Foliage-gleaner, Serra Antwren, Yellow-lored Tody-Flycatcher, Crested-black Tyrant, Grey-hooded Attila, White-rumped Swallow, Chestnut-capped Blackbird and White-bellied Seedeater. We arrived back at the Lodge by 5pm, and did our checklist at the usual time of 6.30, followed by a delicious dinner of bruschetta, roast chicken, potatoes, and okra, a typical dish from the interior of Brazil.

After dinner, we headed off towards the orchid garden to try to find some owls. Thankfully, we were successful, with Tropical Screech Owl followed by a rather handsome Rusty-barred Owl: this finished off a great day's birding with a total of 104 species being seen today!!

Day 4

Monday 23rd November

We awoke to the sound of distant thunder that was gradually getting closer; by 6.45 we were watching torrential rain falling with a huge thunderstorm to go with it! Thankfully, by 7.30 it appeared to have all cleared, so we set off for a morning's walk around the lodge trails. Unfortunately by 8.30 the heavens opened once again so we took shelter in the forest, but by 9am the paths had turned into streams so we decided to head back to the lodge. By this point we had only managed to see Rufous-crowned Greenlet and Ochre-rumped Antbird..... all through the mist!

We got back, and had some tea and coffee, and watched the rain ease once again, so headed back out for the remainder of the morning, which turned out to be really quite productive! After lunch we headed out onto the Blue Trail, a circular trail from the lodge that runs through some great primary forest. Despite the cold and damp weather, we had quite a productive day with some excellent birds including Spot-billed Toucanet, fantastic views of Large-tailed Antshrike, a rather confiding female Giant Antshrike, Mouse-coloured Tapaculo, Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle, Green-crowned Plovercrest, Surucua Trogon, and Yellow-eared Woodpecker. Three of the group saw a male Blond-crested Woodpecker from the decking area at the front of the lodge, and we also saw Rufous-capped Spinetail, Pallid Spinetail, Grey-bellied Spinetail, Orange-eyed Thornbird, Planalto Woodcreeper, Lesser Woodcreeper, Bertoni's Antbird, Ochre-rumped Antbird, Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher, 5+ Bare-throated Bellbirds (nice to catch up with these as we had been hearing them for the past three days!), both Blue and Pin-tailed Manakins, White-rimmed Warbler and Half-collared Sparrow!

We returned to the Lodge at 5.45 and met for our evening checklist at 6pm, followed by dinner of beef stew at 6.30, and straight out to try to see the Long-trained Nightjars after dinner. Thankfully, on this occasion, we were

lucky and had one male and one female Long-trained Nightjar, not prolonged views, but at least we now had them under our belts! We then tried to call in a distantly calling Common Potoo, which actually responded well and eventually flew over us, but didn't stop or call again! We continued on our way down to Paradise Valley and spot-lighted a rather nice Tropical Screech Owl that Peter Z managed to get a great video of!

Tired once again we arrived back at the Lodge for tea and coffee before retiring for the night. Once again, rain was beginning to fall and we hoped to awake to a dry morning!

Day 5

Tuesday 24th November

We awoke to another overcast day and it had clearly been raining overnight. We had hoped to do the high altitude excursion today, but it needs to be completely clear and dry to be able to drive up the mountain and birdwatch in this great area.

Ivan, our driver, collected us at 6.30 and we decided to head towards Pico da Caledonia to see if we could drive up or not. As we got closer we started our ascent and, amazingly, the clouds started to clear and we could see the top of the mountain! We continued on up, parked the minibus and started our climb from 1700m to the summit at 2300m. We had a great day, and by 11.30 had seen all but one of our targets!

It was quality rather than quantity today, with many high-altitude endemics that can't be seen on any other excursions. We were extremely lucky, and found Thick-billed Saltator, Bay-chested Warbling Finch, Rufous-tailed Antbird, Black-and-gold Cotinga, Velvety-black and Blue-billed Black Tyrants all very easily, but the best was Grey-winged Cotinga! We arrived at the normal spot and played the Cotinga call, expecting a distant response, but amazingly it responded from right beside us! We started to search for it, but couldn't find it; it called again and I headed down the bank to look for it and, thankfully, quickly found it! The whole group got onto it and all had great and very close views! This has to be the rarest bird we would see during the whole trip! We also managed to get great views of Swallow-tailed Cotingas and then decided to continue our walk, to look for the Itatiaia Spinetail, towards the summit of the mountain. We started our walk up the 620 steps and found an individual around half way up! We had done so well to get so many target birds so early on that we decided to head up the top of the mountain for the view of the Tres Picos (the three peaks); it was a fantastic view, but unfortunately not clear enough to see Rio!

We had lunch at the top and made our way back down to the minibus, arriving at 2.30. We drove to another spot about five minutes away and managed to get some great views of five Swallow-tailed Cotingas and even closer views of a very confiding Red-legged Seriema! A great end to a great day! All very happy, we headed back to the Lodge for some well-earned tea, coffee and cake!

Day 6

Wednesday 25th November

Today was a nice dry cool morning and we met up at 6am for breakfast as usual. Today was our final morning at Itororo Lodge and we had a couple of hours to bird around the Lodge before departing for Regua. We set off on one of the trails and soon had our first new bird, a rather obliging Rufous Gnateater; this was followed by a distant White-throated Woodcreeper. Although there were lots of birds calling, it soon became apparent that hardly any were in the mood to respond to playback! We had Uniform finches very close and also a Chestnut-

headed Tanager, but unfortunately they did not realise how keen we were to see them, and refused to come any closer for us to see them!!

By 9am we were back at the Lodge and finished any packing, paid our bar bills and Alcenir (the driver from Regua) arrived to take us to our next base, the Regua Bird Lodge for the next three nights.

We had a great stay at Itororo Lodge and were well looked after by Rainer, Bettina and Rafael who provided good company, great food and some wonderful birding!

After 1.5 hours on the road we arrived at the Regua Lodge, where we were greeted by the Lodge manager Thomas and quickly taken to our rooms. Having spent the last four days at an altitude of 1200m, we were used to a cooler climate, so upon arriving at Regua we had a little acclimatisation to do: the temperature was some 10°C higher as we had dropped approximately 1000m in altitude!

We met back up at the main lodge at 12.30 for a great lunch of Merluza, a white fish dish. After lunch, we had some free time to unpack and relax a little before heading out around the Wetland Trail at 3pm. There was a whole host of potential new species for us this afternoon and we were keen to get going! Unfortunately, just ten minutes after we set off from the lodge, it started to rain! We did pick up a few of the commoner species though, including Rufescent Tiger Heron, Striated Heron, Greater Ani, Silvery-flanked Antwren, Rufous-tailed Jacamar, Anhinga, Wattled Jacana etc. It started to rain even more heavily, so we went to one of the hides and took shelter there whilst the worst of the downpour passed. We then walked slowly back to the Lodge and met for Caiparinhas (Brazilian cocktails made of rum, lime juice and sugar) at 6pm and went through the day's bird list. At 6.30 we had dinner, and then at 7.15 set off with Adeli (one of the Regua guides) for some night birding.

We decided to go for Giant Snipe first; arriving at dusk, this was perfect and we had soon seen two snipe flying very close by. We then set off to search for Black-banded Owl; we drove for a further ten minutes from the snipe spot and started playback: we soon had a response but the owl would not show itself! We then heard Tawny-browed Owl so decided to use playback for that, with no response...however, the Black-banded Owl then seemed to get very territorial and we soon had a superb bird perched right out in the open for us!

After photos and video had been taken, we got back in the vehicle and headed back to the Lodge.

Day 7

Thursday 26th November

It had been raining nearly all night when we met up as usual for a 6am breakfast. We had decided today to do the Waldonar trail as this potentially had the largest number of new species for us. We took a 20-minute drive from the Lodge with Adeli and set off for the day. It was raining lightly, but it was very birdy around the vehicle, so we spent some time there, picking up our first Green-headed Tanagers and Crested Becard, before heading off on the trail. We soon had average views (for some) of Blond-crested Woodpecker, Yellow-backed Tanager, Rufous-headed Tanager, Flame-crested Tanager and Yellow-green Grosbeak, and we also picked up Olive-green Tanager, a stunning male Frilled Coquette, great views of a male Black-cheeked Gnateater and Azure-shouldered Tanager. As the day went on, unfortunately the bird activity dropped to zero; as we had already covered a good distance on the trail, we decided, instead of turning back the same way, that we would complete the whole circular trail. Just before the lunch stop we had great views of Yellow-fronted Woodpeckers, followed by a

Thrush-like Woodcreeper at the lunch stop. After this the only other notable birds were a few White-bearded Manakins at the lek spot, which were good fun to watch.

We got back to where we had parked the vehicle and drove back to the Lodge, somewhat tired having had a good long walk, about having seen some great birds in the process! We arrived back at the lodge at 4.30 and refreshed ourselves with tea, coffee and showers before meeting up again at 6pm for Caiparinhas and the daily checklist. Dinner was served at 6.30; afterwards we went for a short walk around the wetlands for better views of Pauraque, returning to the lodge at 8.30pm.

Day 8

Friday 27th November

Another 6am breakfast was followed by a walk up the Green Trail where we had a selection of target species! We left the lodge at 6.30 and took a 30-minute drive to the start of the trail. We had Jerome joining us today, a volunteer bird guide from Regua.

The Green Trail runs up through some secondary forest and into primary forest, finishing at a very picturesque waterfall. We started well by getting good views of a very obliging Southern Antpitt followed by a male Black-throated Trogon. We continued up the trail getting a glimpse of a Rufous-capped Motmot, good views of Black-capped and White-eyed Foliage-gleaners, Plain Xenops, Spot-breasted Antwreio, Unicolored Antwren, Scaled Antbird, Rufous-capped Antthrush, Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant, Euler's Flycatcher, Black-tailed Tityra, Chestnut-bellied Euphonia, Turquoise Tanager and Black-throated Grosbeak.

We returned to the lodge slightly earlier than usual, as we were to go owling again this evening. We met up for the checklist and our last Caiparinhas at 5.45, dinner at 6.15 and we departed to go owling at 7pm. Everyone was rather jolly (!) having had maybe a few too many Caiparinhas, so the mood was rather jovial in the back of the pick up truck!

We arrived at our first stop and looked for Scissor-tailed Nightjars, unfortunately without any luck; we did however manage to call in a rather nice Common Potoo that landed just feet away from us and gave the whole group stunning views whilst calling at the top of its voice! We then headed into a fragmented forest patch to look for some owls, but both Mottled and Tawny-browed Owls were unfortunately heard only.

Day 9

Saturday 28th November

Where had the time gone - suddenly we were on our last morning!

We all met up for breakfast at the usual time of 6am and, at 6.30, we headed off from the Lodge for a walk around the Brown Trail and the Sao Jose Trail. We had just a few targets this morning. First up, everyone finally caught up with Capped Heron at the Wetlands, followed by great views of two Rufous-sided Crakes! We then headed off into the forest and used playback to call in a Tawny-browed Owl; unfortunately, this flew in and only landed for a couple of seconds before flying off, not allowing the group enough time to get on it. We did get great views though of Sooretama Slaty Antshrike, Long-billed Wren, White-bibbed Antbird, Lemon-chested Greenlet and, on the way back to the Lodge, we managed to finally find a Brown-throated Three-toed Sloth!

We were back at the Lodge by 10.15 and had enough time to pack, close the bills, and do our final checklist of the trip before lunch at 11.30 and departure at 12.15 for our journey back down to Rio de Janeiro.

Day 10

Sunday 29th November

Arrival back in UK.

We had a great week, the weather was kind to us and we saw a combined group total of 255 species, of which 77 were Atlantic forest endemics with a further 22 species that were heard only.

Summary

The top 5 birds of the trip as nominated by the group were as follows:

1st – Red-legged Seriema

2nd – Black-banded Owl

3rd – Common Potoo, Frilled Coquette, Long-trained Nightjar, Yellow-fronted Woodpecker

4th – Rufous-capped Antthrush

5th – Brazilian Tanager

Other species nominated for the top 5 were as follows:

Yellow-throated Woodpecker

White-bearded Manakin

Black Jacobin

Rusty-barred Owl

Mouse-coloured Tapaculo

Aplomado Falcon

Black-tailed Tityra

Reddish Hermit

Black-throated Grosbeak

Blond-crested Woodpecker

Capped Heron

Red-necked Tanager

Gilt-edged Tanager

Grey-winged Cotinga

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Species Lists

Birds (✓ = recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

Species in bold are endemic to the Atlantic rain forest. - Species with an * are endemic to Brazil

	Common name	Scientific name	November							
			21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1	BROWN TINAMOU	<i>Crypturellus obsoletus</i>	H		H					
2	DUSKY-LEGGED GUAN	<i>Penelope obscura</i>	2	2	1	1	2			
3	WHITE-FACED WHISTLING-DUCK	<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>					1		1	
4	BLACK-BELLIED WHISTLING-DUCK	<i>D. autumnalis</i>					✓			✓
5	BRAZILIAN TEAL	<i>Amazonetta brasiliensis</i>		2						
6	RUFESCENT TIGER-HERON	<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>					1		1	
7	STRIATED HERON	<i>Butorides striatus</i>		2			✓		1	✓
8	WESTERN CATTLE EGRET	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓
9	COCOI HERON	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>					1			
10	GREAT EGRET	<i>A. alba</i>	✓							
11	CAPPED HERON	<i>Pilherodius pileatus</i>							1	1
12	WHISTLING HERON	<i>Syrigma sibilatrix</i>	1				1			
13	SNOWY EGRET	<i>Egretta thula</i>	✓							
14	MAGNIFICENT FRIGATEBIRD	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	✓							
15	NEOTROPIC CORMORANT	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>					✓		✓	1
16	ANHINGA	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>					2		1	1
17	TURKEY VULTURE	<i>Cathartes aura</i>		✓		1	2		1	
18	LESSER YELLOW-HEADED VULTURE	<i>C. burrovianus</i>								
19	BLACK VULTURE	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	SAVANNA HAWK	<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>	1	2					1	
21	ROADSIDE HAWK	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>			1					
22	WHITE-TAILED HAWK	<i>B. albicaudatus</i>		2		1				
23	BLACK-AND-WHITE HAWK-EAGLE	<i>Spizastur melanoleucus</i>			1					
24	SOUTHERN CRESTED CARACARA	<i>Caracara plancus</i>	✓	✓		1			✓	
25	YELLOW-HEADED CARACARA	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
26	LAUGHING FALCON	<i>Herpethotes cachinnans</i>								
27	APLOMADO FALCON	<i>Falco femoralis</i>		2						
28	RED-LEGGED SERIEMA	<i>Cariama cristata</i>		2		1				
29	RUFIOUS-SIDED CRAKE	<i>Laterallus melanophaius</i>								2
30	SLATY-BREASTED WOOD-RAIL	<i>Aramides saracura</i>		1						
31	ASH-THROATED CRAKE	<i>Porzana albicollis</i>		1						
32	BLACKISH RAIL	<i>Pardirallus nigricans</i>		H						
33	PURPLE GALLINULE	<i>Porphyrio martinica</i>						✓	✓	
34	COMMON MOORHEN	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>					✓		✓	✓
35	SOUTHERN LAPWING	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>	✓	✓			✓		✓	
36	WATTLED JACANA	<i>Jacana jacana</i>					✓		✓	✓
37	GIANT SNIPE	<i>Gallinago undulata</i>						2	H	
38	ROCK DOVE	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓						
39	PICAZURO PIGEON	<i>P. picazuro</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
40	PALE-VENTED PIGEON	<i>P. cayennensis</i>	1			1				
41	PLUMBEOUS PIGEON	<i>P. plumbea</i>			H	2				
42	RUDDY GROUND-DOVE	<i>C. talpacoti</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	
43	BLUE GROUND-DOVE	<i>Claravis pretiosa</i>								H
44	WHITE-TIPPED DOVE	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>		1	1					
45	GREY-FRONTED DOVE	<i>L. rufaxilla</i>	2							
46	RUDDY QUAIL-DOVE	<i>G. montana</i>						1		
47	BLUE-WINGED MACAW	<i>Primolius maracana</i>		5						

	Common name	Scientific name	November							
			21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
48	WHITE-EYED PARAKEET	<i>Aratinga leucophthalmus</i>		✓						
49	MAROON-BELLIED PARAKEET	<i>Pyrrhura frontalis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
50	BLUE-WINGED PARROTLET	<i>Forpus xanthopterygius</i>		2						
51	PLAIN PARAKEET	<i>Brotogeris tirica</i> *						2		
52	SCALY-HEADED PARROT	<i>Pionus maximiliani</i>	✓	✓		2	2	✓	✓	
53	GUIRA CUCKOO	<i>Guira guira</i>	✓	✓			1	1	✓	
54	GREATER ANI	<i>Crotophaga major</i>					✓		✓	✓
55	SMOOTH-BILLED ANI	<i>C. ani</i>	✓	✓					✓	✓
56	SQUIRREL CUCKOO	<i>Piaya cayana</i>				1	1			1
57	TROPICAL SCREECH-OWL	<i>Megascops choliba</i>		2	1					
58	MOTTLED OWL	<i>Ciccaba virgata</i>								H
59	TAWNY-BROWED OWL	<i>Pulsatrix koeniswaldiana</i>								H
60	RUSTY-BARRED OWL	<i>Strix hylophila</i>		1		H				
61	BLACK-BANDED OWL	<i>S. huhula</i>						1		
62	BURROWING OWL	<i>Athene cunicularia</i>								1
63	COMMON POTOO	<i>Nyctibius griseus</i>			H	1				1
64	LONG-TRAINED NIGHTJAR	<i>Macropsalis forcipata</i>			2	1				
65	PAURAUQUE	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>					1	3	H	
66	WHITE-COLLARED SWIFT	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>				✓		✓	✓	
67	SAW-BILLED HERMIT	<i>Ramphodon naevius</i> *						1	H	
68	RUFOUS -BREASTED HERMIT	<i>Glaucis hirsutus</i>					1	2	2	1
69	SCALE-THROATED HERMIT	<i>Phaethornis eurynome</i>	2	1	1	1	1			
70	REDDISH HERMIT	<i>P. ruber</i>						H	1	1
71	SOMBRE HUMMINGBIRD	<i>Aphantochroa cirrhochloris</i> *	1	1	1	1	1			
72	SWALLOW-TAILED HUMMINGBIRD	<i>Eupetomena macroura</i>		1			1	✓	✓	1
73	BLACK JACOBIN	<i>Florisuga fusca</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
74	GREEN-CROWNED PLOVERCREST	<i>Stephanoxis lalandi</i>			1	3				
75	FRILLED COQUETTE	<i>Lophornis magnificus</i> *						2		
76	VIOLET-CAPPED WOODNYMPH	<i>Thalurania glaucopis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
77	WHITE-CHINNED SAPPHIRE	<i>Hylocharis cyanus</i>						1		
78	WHITE-THROATED HUMMINGBIRD	<i>Leucochloris albicollis</i>	2	1	✓	✓				
79	GLITTERING-THROATED EMERALD	<i>Amazilia fimbriata</i>					1	1	1	
80	BRAZILIAN RUBY	<i>Clytolaema rubricauda</i> *	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
81	SURUCUA TROGON	<i>T. surrucura</i>	1		2			H	H	
82	BLACK-THROATED TROGON	<i>T. rufus</i>							1	
83	AMAZON KINGFISHER	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>					1			
84	RINGED KINGFISHER	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>		1			2		1	1
85	RUFOUS-CAPPED MOTMOT	<i>Baryphthengus ruficapillus</i>							1	
86	THREE-TOED JACAMAR	<i>Jacamaralcyon tridactyla</i> *		5						
87	RUFOUS-TAILED JACAMAR	<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>					2	H	H	2
88	WHITE-EARED PUFFBIRD	<i>Nystalus chacuru</i>		2						
89	BLACK-NECKED ARACARI	<i>Pteroglossus aracari</i>		2						
90	SPOT-BILLED TOUCANET	<i>Selenidera maculirostris</i>			2					
91	CHANNEL-BILLED TOUCAN	<i>Rhamphastos vitellinus</i>					1	1	1	
92	WHITE-BARRED PICULET	<i>Picumnus cirratus</i>			H				1	
93	YELLOW-FRONTED WOODPECKER	<i>Melanerpes flavifrons</i>						2		
94	YELLOW-EARED WOODPECKER	<i>Veniliornis maculifrons</i> *	H	1	1	1	1	H	1	
95	YELLOW-THROATED WOODPECKER	<i>Piculus flavigula</i>						H	1	
96	GREEN-BARRED WOODPECKER	<i>Colaptes melanochloros</i>		2						
97	CAMPO FLICKER	<i>C. campestris</i>		✓						
98	BLOND-CRESTED WOODPECKER	<i>Celeus flavescens</i>			1	1		1	1	H

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			21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
99	LINEATED WOODPECKER	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>					H			
100	BAND-TAILED HORNERO	<i>Furnarius figulus*</i>		1			1			
101	RUFOUS HORNERO	<i>F. rufus</i>		✓		1		1		
102	ITATIAIA SPINETAIL	<i>Asthenes moreirae*</i>				2				
103	RUFOUS-CAPPED SPINETAIL	<i>Synallaxis ruficapilla</i>			2					
104	GREY-BELLIED SPINETAIL	<i>S. cinerascens</i>			1					
105	PALLID SPINETAIL	<i>Cranioleuca pallida*</i>			2	✓				
106	YELLOW-CHINNED SPINETAIL	<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomeus</i>		✓			2			
107	RUFOUS-FRONTED THORNBIRD	<i>Phacellodomus rufifrons</i>		✓						
108	ORANGE-EYED THORNBIRD	<i>P. erythrophthalmus*</i>	H		2		2			
109	FIREWOOD-GATHERER	<i>Anumbius annumbi</i>		4						
110	BUFF-BROWED FOLIAGE-GLEANER	<i>Syndactyla rufosupercileatus</i>	1			1				
111	BLACK-CAPPED FOLIAGE-GLEANER	<i>Philydor atricapillus</i>								1
112	BUFF-FRONTED FOLIAGE-GLEANER	<i>P. rufum</i>	1				1			
113	WHITE-COLLARED FOLIAGE-GLEANER	<i>Anabazenops fuscus*</i>		1			H			
114	PALE-BROWED TREEHUNTER	<i>Cichocolaptes leucophrus*</i>								H
115	WHITE-EYED FOLIAGE-GLEANER	<i>Automolus leucophthalmus</i>								2
116	RUFOUS-BREASTED LEAFTOSSER	<i>Sclerurus scansor</i>	H				H			
117	SHARP-TAILED STREAMCREEPER	<i>Lochmias nematura</i>				1				
118	PLAIN XENOPS	<i>Xenops minutus</i>								1
119	STREAKED XENOPS	<i>X. rutilans</i>	1							
120	PLAIN-WINGED WOODCREEPER	<i>Dendrocincla turdina*</i>						1		H
121	OLIVACEOUS WOODCREEPER	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>	2		✓			2		✓
122	WHITE-THROATED WOODCREEPER	<i>Xiphocolaptes albicollis</i>					1			
123	PLANALTO WOODCREEPER	<i>Dendrocolaptes platyrostris</i>			1					
124	LESSER WOODCREEPER	<i>Xiphorhynchus fuscus</i>			1			2		2
125	SCALED WOODCREEPER	<i>Lepidocolaptes squamatus*</i>				1				
126	SPOT-BACKED ANTSHRIKE	<i>Hypoedaleus guttatus</i>						H		
127	GIANT ANTSHRIKE	<i>Batara cinerea</i>			1		H			
128	LARGE-TAILED ANTSHRIKE	<i>Mackenziaena leachii</i>			1	H				
129	CHESTNUT-BACKED ANTSHRIKE	<i>Thamnophilus palliatus</i>		2						1
130	SOORETAMA SLATY-ANTSHRIKE	<i>T. ambiguus*</i>								2
131	VARIABLE ANTSHRIKE	<i>T. caerulescens</i>	1		1		H			
132	RUFOUS-CAPPED ANTSHRIKE	<i>T. ruficapillus</i>				1				
133	SPOT-BREASTED ANTIVIREO	<i>Dysithamnus stictothorax</i>								1
134	PLAIN ANTIVIREO	<i>D. mentalis</i>						2		
135	RUFOUS-BACKED ANTIVIREO	<i>D. xanthopterus*</i>					H			
136	STAR-THROATED ANTWREN	<i>Myrmotherula gularis*</i>			1			H	H	
137	SILVERY-FLANKED ANTWREN	<i>M. luctuosa*</i>					2		2	2
138	UNICOLORED ANTWREN	<i>M. unicolor*</i>							2	H
139	RUFOUS-WINGED ANTWREN	<i>Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus</i>						1	H	
140	SERRA ANTWREN	<i>Formicivora serrana*</i>		1						
141	BERTONI'S ANTBIRD	<i>Drymophila rubricollis</i>			1					
142	RUFOUS-TAILED ANTBIRD	<i>D. genei*</i>				1				
143	OCHRE-RUMPED ANTBIRD	<i>D. ochropyga*</i>			2					
144	DUSKY-TAILED ANTBIRD	<i>D. malura</i>	1							
145	SCALED ANTBIRD	<i>D. squamata*</i>							1	H
146	STREAK-CAPPED ANTWREN	<i>Terenura maculata</i>						1	1	
147	WHITE-SHOULDERED FIRE-EYE	<i>Pyriglena leucoptera</i>					H	H		
148	WHITE-BIBBED ANTBIRD	<i>Myrmeciza loricata*</i>						H		1

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			21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		
149	RUFOUS-CAPPED ANTHRUSH	<i>Formicarius colma</i>									1	
150	SHORT-TAILED ANTHRUSH	<i>Chamaeza campanisona</i>							H			
151	CRYPTIC ANTHRUSH	<i>C. meruloides*</i>			H		H					
152	VARIEGATED ANTPITTA	<i>Grallaria varia</i>			H		H					
153	RUFOUS GNATEATER	<i>Conopophaga lineata</i>					1					
154	BLACK-CHEEKED GNATEATER	<i>C. melanops*</i>							1	H		
155	WHITE-BREASTED TAPACULO	<i>Eleoscytalopus indigoticus*</i>	H									
156	MOUSE-COLORED TAPACULO	<i>Scytalopus speluncae*</i>			1	H						
157	PLANALTO TYRANNULET	<i>Phyllomyias fasciatus</i>	2	1				1				
158	YELLOW-BELLIED ELAENIA	<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>		2	1	1						
159	OLIVACEOUS ELAENIA	<i>E. mesoleuca</i>				4						
160	YELLOW TYRANNULET	<i>Capsiempis flaveola</i>		2								
161	SOUTHERN ANTPIT	<i>Corythopsis delalandi</i>									1	
162	MOTTLE-CHEEKED TYRANNULET	<i>Phylloscartes ventralis</i>					2	1				
163	SERRA DO MAR TYRANNULET	<i>P. difficilis*</i>					1					
164	OCHRE-BELLIED FLYCATCHER	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>							2	1	1	
165	GRAY-HOODED FLYCATCHER	<i>M. rufiventris</i>							1	H		
166	SEPIA-CAPPED FLYCATCHER	<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>	1					1	1	1		
167	BRAN-COLORED FLYCATCHER	<i>Myiophobus fasciatus</i>		1								
168	DRAB-BREASTED BAMBOO-TYRANT	<i>Hemitriccus diops</i>						H				
169	EYE-RINGED TODY-TYRANT	<i>H. orbitatus*</i>							H	1		
170	EARED PYGMY-TYRANT	<i>Myiornis auricularis</i>							1			
171	OCHRE-FACED TODY-FLYCATCHER	<i>Poecilatriccus plumbeiceps</i>	1	1	1							
172	YELLOW-LORED TODY-FLYCATCHER	<i>Todirostrum poliocephalum*</i>		1				1				
173	YELLOW-OLIVE FLATBILL (FLYCATCHER)	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>			1						H	
174	WHITE-THROATED SPADEBILL	<i>Platyrinchus mystaceus</i>							1			
175	CLIFF FLYCATCHER	<i>Hirundinea ferruginea</i>	1	2				1	1			
176	EULER'S FLYCATCHER	<i>Lathrotriccus eulerei</i>			H						1	
177	BLUE-BILLED BLACK-TYRANT	<i>Knipolegus cyanirostris</i>					2					
178	CRESTED BLACK TYRANT	<i>K. lophotes</i>		2								
179	VELVETY BLACK-TYRANT	<i>K. nigerrimus*</i>					4					
180	WHITE-RUMPED MONJITA	<i>Xolmis velatus</i>		1								
181	STREAMER-TAILED TYRANT	<i>Gubernetes yetapa</i>		2								
182	MASKED WATER-TYRANT	<i>Fluvicola nengeta</i>		✓				✓		✓	✓	
183	WHITE-HEADED MARSH-TYRANT	<i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i>									✓	1
184	LONG-TAILED TYRANT	<i>Colonia colonus</i>		2								
185	CATTLE TYRANT	<i>Machetornis rixosa</i>		2								
186	RUSTY-MARGINED FLYCATCHER	<i>Myiozetetes cayanensis</i>						H				
187	SOCIAL FLYCATCHER	<i>M. similis</i>		3				1				
188	GREAT KISKADEE	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
189	STREAKED FLYCATCHER	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>		1	1			1	1			
190	BOAT-BILLED FLYCATCHER	<i>Megarhynchus pitangua</i>					1	1			✓	
191	VARIEGATED FLYCATCHER	<i>Empidonomus varius</i>	2	1								
192	TROPICAL KINGBIRD	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	1	✓		✓	✓				1	✓
193	FORK-TAILED FLYCATCHER	<i>T. savanna</i>	1	2							5	
194	SHORT-CRESTED FLYCATCHER	<i>Myiarchus ferox</i>		1								
195	GREY-HOODED ATTLA	<i>Attila rufus*</i>		1	H				2	3		
196	BARE-THROATED BELLBIRD	<i>Procnias nudicollis</i>	H		5		✓					
197	BLACK AND GOLD COTINGA	<i>Tijuca atra*</i>					1					
198	GREY-WINGED COTINGA	<i>T. condita*</i>					1					
199	SERRA DO MAR TYRANT-MANAKIN	<i>Neopelma chrysolophum*</i>			H							

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			21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
200	PIN-TAILED MANAKIN	<i>Ilicura militaris*</i>			2		3	1	1	
201	WHITE-BEARDED MANAKIN	<i>Manacus manacus</i>						✓	✓	
202	BLUE MANAKIN	<i>Chiroxiphia caudata</i>	1		3			2	2	
203	BLACK-TAILED TITYRA	<i>Tityra cayana</i>							1	
204	GREEN-BACKED BECARD	<i>Pachyrhamphus viridis</i>	1				2			
205	CHESTNUT-CROWNED BECARD	<i>P. castaneus</i>	1					1		
206	WHITE-WINGED BECARD	<i>P. polychropterus</i>			H			1		
207	CRESTED BECARD	<i>P. validus</i>						1		
208	SWALLOW-TAILED COTINGA	<i>Phibalura flavirostris</i>				✓				
209	RUFIOUS-BROWED PEPPER SHRIKE	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>	1		1		1			
210	RED-EYED VIREO	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>						1	H	
211	RUFIOUS-CROWNED GREENLET	<i>Hylophilus poicilotis</i>			2		2			
212	LEMON-CHESTED GREENLET	<i>H. thoracicus</i>								2
213	WHITE-RUMPED SWALLOW	<i>Tachycineta leucorrhoa</i>		2						
214	GREY-BREASTED MARTIN	<i>Progne chalybea</i>	✓							
215	BROWN-CHESTED MARTIN	<i>P. tapera</i>		2				✓		
216	BLUE-AND-WHITE SWALLOW	<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>		✓		2				
217	SOUTHERN ROUGH-WINGED SWALLOW	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
218	TAWNY-HEADED SWALLOW	<i>Alopochelidon fucata</i>		2						
219	BLACK-CAPPED DONACOBIOUS	<i>Donacobius atricapilla</i>		2						
220	LONG-BILLED WREN	<i>Cantorchilus longirostris*</i>								1
221	HOUSE WREN	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>		1			1			
222	CHALK-BROWED MOCKINGBIRD	<i>Mimus saturninus</i>		✓		✓	✓			
223	YELLOW-LEGGED THRUSH	<i>Turdus flavipes</i>				2				
224	RUFIOUS-BELLIED THRUSH	<i>T. rufiventris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
225	PALE-BREASTED THRUSH	<i>T. leucomelas</i>	1	1		1	1	1		
226	CREAMY-BELLIED THRUSH	<i>T. amaurochalinus</i>	1							
227	WHITE-NECKED THRUSH	<i>T. albicollis</i>						H	H	
228	VIOLACEOUS EUPHONIA	<i>Euphonia violacea</i>						2	✓	2
229	ORANGE-BELLIED EUPHONIA	<i>E. xanthogaster</i>						1		
230	CHESTNUT-BELLIED EUPHONIA	<i>E. pectoralis</i>						H	2	
231	HOODED SISKIN	<i>Carduelis magellanica</i>	1	1		1				
232	WHITE-RIMMED WARBLER	<i>Myiothlypis leucoblephara</i>			2					
233	GOLDEN-CROWNED WARBLER	<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>		1	1	H	1	1		
234	CRESTED OROPENDOLA	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>	5		1	1	1			
235	RED-RUMPED CACIQUE	<i>Cacicus haemorrhous</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
236	CHESTNUT-CAPPED BLACKBIRD	<i>Chrysomus ruficapillus</i>		✓			✓		✓	✓
237	SHINY COWBIRD	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>		✓		1	✓			
238	BANANAQUIT	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>	1	1	✓		✓			
239	RUFIOUS-COLLARED SPARROW	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
240	GRASSLAND SPARROW	<i>Ammodramus humeralis</i>		1						
241	HALF-COLLARED SPARROW	<i>Arremon semitorquatus*</i>	1		1		H			
242	MAGPIE TANAGER	<i>Cissopis leverianus</i>	3	2	3	1				
243	OLIVE-GREEN TANAGER	<i>Orthogonys chloricterus*</i>						1		
244	CHESTNUT-HEADED TANAGER	<i>Pyrrhocomma ruficeps</i>					H			
245	BLACK-GOGGLED TANAGER	<i>Trichothraupis melanops</i>			1		1	2	✓	
246	FLAME-CRESTED TANAGER	<i>Tachyphonus cristatus</i>						1	2	
247	RUBY-CROWNED TANAGER	<i>T. coronatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
248	BRAZILIAN TANAGER	<i>Ramphocelus bresilius</i>					2		2	1
249	SAYACA TANAGER	<i>Thraupis sayaca</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
250	AZURE-SHOULDERED TANAGER	<i>T. cyanopectera</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓			

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251	GOLDEN-CHEVRONED TANAGER	<i>T. ornata*</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
252	PALM TANAGER	<i>T. palmarum</i>		1	1				✓	✓
253	DIADEMED TANAGER	<i>Stephanophorus diadematus</i>				✓				
254	FAWN-BREASTED TANAGER	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>				1	1			
255	TURQUOISE TANAGER (WHITE-BELLIED)	<i>Tangara mexicana</i>							3	
256	GREEN-HEADED TANAGER	<i>T. seledon</i>						✓	✓	
257	RED-NECKED TANAGER	<i>T. cyanocephala</i>						2		
258	BRASSY-BREASTED TANAGER	<i>T. desmaresti*</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓			
259	GILT-EDGED TANAGER	<i>T. cyanoventris*</i>		2	2	1				
260	BURNISHED-BUFF TANAGER	<i>T. cayana</i>	2		2	1				
261	SWALLOW TANAGER	<i>Tersina viridis</i>		2						
262	BLUE DACNIS	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
263	RUFIOUS-HEADED TANAGER	<i>Hemithraupis ruficapilla*</i>						1		
264	YELLOW-BACKED TANAGER	<i>H. flavicollis</i>						1	1	
265	CHESTNUT-VENTED CONEBILL	<i>Conirostrum speciosum</i>						1	1	
266	BAY-CHESTED WARBLING-FINCH	<i>Poospiza thoracica*</i>				✓				
267	SAFFRON FINCH	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>		✓		2	✓		✓	✓
268	BLUE-BLACK GRASSQUIT	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>		2						
269	DOUBLE-COLLARED SEEDEATER	<i>Sporophila caerulescens</i>		2	1		1			
270	WHITE-BELLIED SEEDEATER	<i>S. leucoptera</i>		1						
271	UNIFORM FINCH	<i>Haplospiza unicolor</i>					H			
272	RED-CROWNED ANT-TANAGER	<i>Habia rubica</i>						1		
273	YELLOW-GREEN GROSBEAK	<i>Caryothraustes canadensis</i>						2		
274	BLACK-THROATED GROSBEAK	<i>Saltator fuliginosus</i>						H	1	
275	GREEN-WINGED SALTATOR	<i>S. similis</i>			H		H			
276	THICK-BILLED SALTATOR	<i>S. maxillosus</i>				2				
277	HOUSE SPARROW	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓			

Other Taxa

1	Common Opossum	<i>Didelphis marsupialis</i>	1							
2	Orange-spined Hairy Dwarf Porcupine	<i>Sphiggurus villosus</i>			1					
3	Capybara	<i>Hydrochoerus hydrochaeris</i>					✓			✓
4	White Tufted-eared Marmoset	<i>Callithrix aurita</i>					✓			
5	Broad-snouted Caiman	<i>Caiman latirostris</i>					✓			✓
6	Tegu Lizard	<i>Tupinambis merianae</i>								2
7	Green Whip Snake	<i>Ahaetulla nasuta</i>							1	
8	Brown-throated Three-toed Sloth	<i>Bradypus variegatus</i>								1



Frilled Coquette by Andy Foster